## **TIP SHEET for Norovirus Case Investigations**

- **Disease**: Norovirus is the predominant cause of acute gastroenteritis in the United States. Symptoms include abrupt onset of vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, and nausea that lasts 1 to 3 days. Hospitalization is rarely required by individuals with norovirus infection.
- Transmission & Incubation Period: Norovirus is transmitted via fecal-oral or vomitus-oral routes. Transmission can occur directly via person-to-person spread, or indirectly by swallowing contaminated food or water, or having contact with contaminated surfaces then touching the mouth. Infected individuals remain infectious for at least 3 days after their symptoms resolve. Norovirus is not transmitted by animals. Symptoms begin 12 to 48 hours after exposure.

1 Notification	LBOHs have primary responsibility to investigate cases of norovirus in their jurisdiction. New cases will flow into your "LBOH Notification for Routine Disease" workflow.
Q Get Prepared	<ul> <li>Familiarize yourself with the disease: MDPH Fact Sheets</li> <li>Review foodhandler exclusion criteria from 105 CMR 300 for cases and their household contacts.         Implementing the Exclusion of Food Handlers with Reportable Conditions         A food handler is defined as any person directly preparing or handling food; any person handling clean dishes or utensils; any person who dispenses medications by hand, assists in feeding, or provides mouth care.         In healthcare: this includes those who set up trays for patients to eat, feed or assist patients in eating, give oral medications or give mouth/denture care.         In daycare facilities, schools, and community residential programs: this includes those who prepare food for clients to eat, feed or assist clients in eating, or give oral medications.     </li> <li>Review demographic and laboratory information available in MAVEN for the case.</li> </ul>
(3) Contact Ordering Provider	<ul> <li>The name and facility of the ordering provider can be found in the lab tab in the case's MAVEN event. If ordering provider is a hospital, reach out to the hospital Infection Preventionist.</li> <li>During call with provider's office:         <ul> <li>Confirm case's contact information, collect additional phone number(s) or email address</li> <li>Obtain symptom onset date and clinical presentation</li> <li>Collect information on any potential exposures identified during visit (e.g., travel)</li> <li>Request case's occupation and employer, if available</li> <li>Ask if the case has been informed of their diagnosis</li> </ul> </li> <li>If the ordering provider cannot be reached in a timely manner, proceed to case interview.</li> </ul>
(4) Contact Case	<ul> <li>Introduce yourself, why you are calling, what you will use information for, and who has access to the information they provide.</li> <li>Complete all questions in the Demographic and Clinical question packages.</li> <li>Complete all questions in the Risk/Exposure question package for the 2 days (48 hours) prior to symptom onset.         <ul> <li>To improve the recall of activities or restaurants they may have dined at, encourage the case to look at their work and/or personal calendars, credit card or bank statements, and photos on their phone.</li> <li>"Employed or attend a supervised care setting" should be used to document attendance or employment at a child care program, school, long term care facility, etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provide education on the disease and guidance on how to prevent further spread to their household members and close contacts.</li> </ul>

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Frevent Further Transmission	Food handlers	<ul> <li>If individual meets the 105 CMR 300 definition of a food handler (see definition in "2 Get Prepared"), they must be excluded from food handling duties until meeting clearance criteria:         <ul> <li>Exclude until 72 hours past the resolution of symptoms, or 72 hours past the date the specimen positive for norovirus was produced, whichever occurs last. Implementing the Exclusion of Food Handlers with Reportable Conditions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	Child care & K- 12 Schools	<ul> <li>Exclusion:         <ul> <li>Most staff in child care programs are considered food handlers. Any staff in child care programs and K-12 schools with foodhandling duties should be excluded following food handler criteria above.</li> <li>Children should be excluded following the guidance outlined in the Symptom Checklist for Children and Staff in Child Care Programs and K-12 Schools.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify if there is an outbreak at the facility:         <ul> <li>Contact the facility (or the local health department where the facility is located, if outside your jurisdiction) to find out if there is an increase in gastrointestinal illness above what is expected, regarding place and time, for the facility.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	Long- term care	<ul> <li>Exclusion &amp; precautions:         <ul> <li>Staff who meet the definition of a food handler should be excluded following food handler criteria above.</li> <li>Residents should be placed on standard plus contact precautions for the duration of their illness and, during a confirmed or suspected norovirus outbreak, remain on precautions until 72 hours past the resolution of their symptoms. Infection Prevention in Long Term Care: Gastrointestinal Illness</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify if there is an outbreak at the facility:         <ul> <li>Contact the facility (or the local health department where the facility is located, if outside your jurisdiction) to find out if there is an increase in gastrointestinal illness above what is expected, regarding place and time, for the facility.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
6 Notify DPH as Needed	<ul> <li>Suspected outbreaks are reportable to MDPH within 24 hours. If case investigation indicates that two or more people from different households became ill with similar symptoms after a common food or event exposure, notify the Division of Epidemiology: (617) 983-6800.</li> <li>Create a MAVEN foodborne illness complaint if the case reports:         <ul> <li>Eating food away from home with sufficient details available (name of establishment, location, and date of purchase/consumption at a minimum; ideally also item(s) consumed)</li> <li>Consuming raw oysters or other raw shellfish.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Other Notes	<ul> <li>It is recommended that three call attempts are made at different times of day to reach a case for interview. Consider texting or emailing a case requesting a call back if they are not responsive.</li> <li>If a case cannot be reached, collect the following from the ordering provider before closing out the case: symptom onset and clinical presentation, occupation and employer, and any exposure information available in the medical notes.</li> <li>Completion of all exposure questions in the MAVEN Risk Question Package is essential for detecting outbreaks and preventing further transmission. Many exposure questions for this disease will appear as child questions based upon specific answers in earlier questions.</li> </ul>		
Additional Resources	<ul> <li>May 2022 webinar: Introduction to Enteric (Gastrointestinal Illness) Disease Case Investigations Slides, Recording</li> <li>MDPH Division of Epidemiology: (617) 983-6800</li> </ul>		

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